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QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY AT KINGSTON

KINGSTON ONTARIO CANADA



S P E C I M E N
OF

NAKED TRUTH,

FROM A

British Sailor, &c.



A

SPECIMEN

O F

NAKED TRUTH,

FROM A

BRITISH SAILOR,

A fincere Wellwisher, to the Honour, and Prosperity of the present Royal Famliy, and his Country.



LONDON:

Admira 11

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SIR;

Y Letters being made up, signed, directed, and sealed, for having gone by Yesterday's Post, if there had been any Opportunity of Weather for it; I shall begin this with informing their L—ps, that Yesterday—Evening and till Midnight, we had a very hard Gale of Wind from the S. W. to the S. S. W. that obliged us to make our Ships as snug as we could for riding it out, and thought it prudent even to get our Topsail Yards down into the Top, and I thank God we all rode it out without any Damage; and the Weather moderating this Morning, I got Yards and Topmasts up by Day-light, and am now unmooring, and shall weigh with my Division as soon as the Ebb Tide begins to favour us for it.

I have just now received yours of the 21st, informing me of your having communicated to their L—ps mine of the 20th, with the several inclosed therein, as I have the

feveral Orders and Papers that are come inclosed in yours: And I send you now inclosed, for their L—ps Information, the Copy of the Orders I leave with Vice Admiral Martin, for taking under his Command all the Detachments said to be coming so join me from Commodore Smith, for employing them under the Orders he has already received from me; those additional ones I now leave with him, and whatever other Orders their L—ps shall judge expedient to send him; but if there comes any Fireships or Bomb-Ketches, he is to dispatch all such after me.

I am pleased to find their L—ps have approved of the Orders given to Captain Tom-son of the Pool, who was happily anchored with all the East India Ships in Westgate Bay before this hard Gale of Wind came on, as I fear much Damage might have happen'd to them, who were said to be very badly furnished with Ground Tackle.

I could not but be under fome Surprize what could be mean't by the Expression in your Letter, of "having kept all my great" Ships in the *Downs*, and employed only my Frigates for gaining Intelligence, while the Enemies Ships have passed backwards and forwards between Ostend, Dunkirk, "and

" and Calais, at their Leifure, without " Hindrance or Molestation." I cannot conceive where you must have picked up fuch Intelligence, so contrary to what is the Fact, that my former Letters have related to you, to inform their L---ps of, viz. That amongst other Frigates employed on fuch Services, were the Eagle, York and Carlifle, that have been some time fince at my Recommendation, and in good part by my Influence, engaged into the Crown's Service; and are and have been ever fince the 11th of December acting under my Orders only; though your Letter, Sir, mentions them as Privateers, as if they were acting under their own Orders: And within that Time, I must repeat it now, five Galliot Hoys have been taken coming from Havre de Grace to Boulogne, and fent into Dover; and of those coming from Dunkirk going for Calais, a Dogger, laden with five Pieces of Cannon, several Field Carriages, one hundred Barrels of Gun-powder, and other Military Stores, has been set Fire to, and all feen to blow up in the Air by Captain Gregory, who was with them in a Cutter on that Service; two of their Shallop Fishing Boats sunk, twelve others of them

them chaced on Shore, and three with Cannon and military Stores brought into Dover, and a Calais Dogger Privateer of fix Guns and fifty Men taken, thirty one of which I have on board the Princes's Louisa, and have defired Vice Admiral Martin to give himself the Trouble of examining some of them, to try if better Intelligence cannot be procured from them, than what Captain Hill has been able to gather from them, which you had inclosed in my Yesterday's Letter, as you have had of the twelve Sail of Ships chaced from within two Leagues of Calais back into Dunkirk Road by the Saphire and Folkstone, one of which they chaced on Shore upon the Sands, and the Pilot would not venture fo near as the Captain took upon himself to do. Surely, these are Instances of the Enemy having been watched much closer than could have been expected in this Winter Seafon: And what are the large Ships I have kept in the Downs? The Norwich and Ruby, two fifty Gun Ships, for till the Arrival of the Moumouth and Falkland I have had no other; I thank God, by a prudent Conduct the Enemy have been prevented from failing either from Dunkirk or Oftend for this

this Month past, and none of his Majesty's Ships have been shipwrecked, by any imprudent Disposition of them, and that I think I have acted prudently and fuccessfully in his Majesty's Service, though in many of your Letters I have been treated as if I had done neither; and to look no further back, I think I am treated fo in this Letter of yours of the 23d; which I defire the Favour of their L-ps to call for the Copy of, and have read to them; as I cannot conceive any just Grounds I have given for my being treated in fuch a Stile in your Letters, on Facts that you must at least have been grosly misinformed in. As to my Reasons for mentioning the Counties of Kent and Suffex to be my Province, I have some Letters of yours that mention it to me as fuch, which are of an old Date, and are in my Escrutore on Shore; but as there does not want a late Instance of it in your L-ps Orders to Commodore Smith of the 3d of this Month, which you fent me a Copy of by their L-ps Orders, I have fent you inclosed the Preamble of that Order, in which it appears to me pretty fully expressed so. I shall always serve my Royal Master with a sincere Zeal for his Service, and with the utmost Diligence, Refolution

folution and Capacity that I am capable of, to the best of my Judgment, and while my Services are approved of, I shall always continue them with Pleasure; but if I am judged not to have a Capacity for it, as by the Stile of the Secretary's Letter seems to be infinuated; sure it is the Fruits of a sincere Zeal to say, that if you have thought of any one you judge more proper for it, all that I desire is, that his Majesty may be most effectually served, and I shall with Pleasure resign any Command I have to him.

Captain Knowles has brought another Letter of yours of the 23d, and that he is come to ferve with me as a Voluntier; and as I well know Captain Knowles's Zeal and Activity for his Majesty's Service, his coming here gives me a particular Pleasure, as I shall be glad to advise with him for his Majesty's Service, and at all Times ready to furnish him with any Opportunities, that he can fuggest to me for our Royal Master's Service, and defeating the Enemies Intentions for invading his Majesty's Dominions, which from having discovered by my Cruizers, that the Enemy are drawing their Transports from the Westward to Boulogne, and from the Eastward from Ostend and Dunkirk

to Calais, I am fully persuaded the Enemies Intentions in those Motions have been to attempt an Invasion upon the opposite shore of Kent, from the Ports of Boulogne and Calais, and which I have been endeavouring to move for preventing these three days successively; am now unmoored for, and nothing but the Weather shall prevent me. And their L-ps will fee by my Orders to Vice-Admiral M—n, (I have fent you inclosed the Copy of) I have strengthned his Command with all the Force their L-ps have ordered here from Commodore Smith, and have left with him the Copy of his Orders you have fent me inclosed, and defired he will dispose all those put under his Command immediately on the Services he judges most expedient for watching the Enemies Motions from Oftend and Dunkirk. And as to the four Ships lately arrived from Cape Breton, which, by their L-ps Orders of the 23d I am to take under my Command, those I hope to meet withal in their Passage here, and shall incorporate into my Division upon my meeting with them, or detach a Part of them to join Vice-Admiral $M \longrightarrow n$, as subsequent Intelligence shall manifest to me may be most for our Royal Mafter's R

Master's Service, and Defence of his Dominions from the threatned Invasion.

We had fome Appearances for moderate Weather this Morning, but the Wind is backed to the Southward, and a Southern Swell comes round the Foreland, and it gathers Dirty and Greafy to Windward, that I am doubtful whether I shall be able to get out with it, but I shall not fail to attempt it, if there be any Appearance of its being practicable; and the Captains of the Saphire, Folkstone, Badger and Hornet, with the Dover Custom-house Cutter, Captain Stringer, have all my Orders for proceeding in the Execution of their former Orders, for the inspecting their Proceedings at Calais and Boulogne, and nothing either has or shall be omitted for his Majesty's Service, that I can think of, or any one can suggest to me to be most expedient for it. And you have always had Copies of the Orders I have issued for that Purpose fent for their L-ps Apprebation. You have inclosed the List of the Custom-house Cutters that have appeared, fix of which I keep to act under my Orders, and the other three to remain under Vice-Admiral M-n's.

I am,

December 25.

SIR, &c.

SIR,

SIR,

A S it would be for his Majesty's Service to have a speedy Communication of Intelligence either by Night or by Day, of the Enemies Appearance of any Embarkations for attempting to invade his Majefly's Dominions, I defire you will write Letters to the respective Church-Wardens of the Parishes, &c. mentioned in the Margin, to hoist a Flag upon the Church Steeple as a Signal for it by Day, and keep a Firelight in an Iron Pot at the fame Place as a Signal by Night, to be repeated from the Steeples of the respective

Dover Caftle. Folkstone Church. Sandgate Church. Dim Church. The Ness. Rye Church. Fair Leigh Church. Hastings Church. Pomfay Church. Beachy Head.

Churches, for communicating the Intelligence from Beachy Head to the South Foreland.

I am,

SIR,

Your humble Servant.

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SIR,

SIR,

by Captain Scott of the Badger, with the inclosed from Holland, whose Intelligence perfectly agrees with what I found to be true, the Enemies having been in Motion from Dunkirk for Calais; the twelve Sail of Ships having been drove back into Dunkirk Road by the Saphire and Folkstone, and several of the Embarkations having been some burnt, sunk and taken by my Cruizers, the Carlise and York Frigates, and you know the Examination of those taken in the Duckess de Penthievre agrees with the Dutch Account.

Captain Owen had looked into Boulogne the Morning before Captain Knowles did, and at the same Time as he did, and he makes the Enemies Embarkations to be above one hundred and fifty Sail, and Captain Pigram of the Rye Cutter agrees with him in his Report, though Captain Knowles says he could see but fixty, but I am inclined to think Captain Owen much the best acquainted with that Harbour.

You know, Sir, my Orders are to deliver this Command up to you, which I am moving up to the Downs for, with this pleafing Satisfaction, that I have from these Accounts already put fuch a Check to the Enemies intended Descent, that it is to me very doubtful if they will venture to hazard it now. I shall however continue anchored here till next windward Tide, and pray open all my public Letters as well as your own, to see whether I can continue to act, or be pleased to be taking the Measures you judge properest. I have now Capsain Owen and Bazely over at Boulogne, having detached them away for a fresh Inspection, and before I weighed myself from Dungeness. I will not come into the Downs till the latter End of the Evening's Flood, for being at Hand to receive their Report, and act conformably to it, and I hope by that Time to hear from you again, and shall be plying under Sail off Dover. I am,

January 1st. at three in the Morning.

S F R,

Your most humble Servant.

SIR,

PON the first of Yesterday's Flood I weighed with the Squadron from the Westward of Dungeness, as I informed you I intended to do, having just before given out my Orders to Captain Bazely and Owen in the Eagle and Carlifle Frigates under their Command, jointly to make fail over for Boulogne, for taking a fresh Inspection of the Enemies Situation and Motions at the Port of Boulogne, under the particular Orders I fend you inclosed a Copy of. And in my Way plying up Channel, I was joined by the Folkstone and Triton, and Hornet Sloop, and upon the Tide being spent, I anchored with my Squadron betwen Dover and Folkstone last Night, and about eleven at Night, the York joined me from the Downs, and at half an hour past one this Morning, Captain Scot of the Badger came on Board to me with a Letter from Vice-Admiral M-n, and two Letters inclosed from Holland. And though the Vice-Admiral has, as he fays, fent you Copies of them, yet as the Advice was fent to me, I choose to do the same.

It could not but give me great Pleasure to find the Gentleman's Letter from Holland intirely

tirely confirms the Intelligence I have given their L—ps, and to find that he thinks with me likewise, that my diligent Exertion of my Duty, has even been said there to have frustrated their Intentions of invading this Part of the Kingdom this last full Moon, of which nothing could give me greater Pleasure than the having rendered such effectual Service to his Majesty and my Country, though I have been treated in that contemptuous Manner in your Letters.

I have given Captain H— the Orders you have inclosed a Copy of, for his weighing with the first of the Flood, for making a fresh Inspection at Calais this Evening or to Morrow Morning. As soon as the Windward Tide makes I shall weigh with the Squadron, and keep plying and exercising my Ships in Line of Battle, and for being ready at Hand on any Advice of the Enemies Motions, till I have but barely Time for anchoring in the Downs before it is Night, when I shall obey their L—ps Commands, consign the Command of the Fleet to Vice-Admiral M—n, then strike my Flag, and go on Shore, pursuant to their L—ps Orders.

January 1st,

I am, &c.

HE Confession of George Harrison of Hastings declares, That on Thursday or Friday Se'ennight last he saw about 50 Sail of Transports of about 100 Tuns and under in Boulogne Harbour, intended for an Embarkation of Troops, that about fix or feven thousand were designed to embark there; but he was informed the whole Number was to be twenty three thousand from different Places: that they work Night and Day, and even employ'd Women to fit their Vessels; that as foon as convenient they intend to push for Dungeness, run their Vessels on Shore, and land their Men; that he believes they intend to take the Opportunity of failing the next Spring Tide in the Night; that their Sails were not bent when he was there, and the whole Number of Troops in Boulogne at that Time was not more than 400, but the rest were ready to join immediately; and it was publickly faid they intended for England to join the Pretender, if poslible.

That when he goes to Boulogne in the Day-time, his Signal is a white Jack on the Gaff-head, and in the Night a Lanthorn hoisted and lowered three times, and when hailed by the Centinel, his Watch-word was

Amie, then he is admitted on Shore and carried to the Commissary, who examines him, but he pretends he never would discover any News. That he heard fome Man was brought over by a Smuggler and landed at Pemfey Bay, but does not know who; that there was only one Smuggler left in Boulogne Harbour, which belongs to Rye; that they made use of a House at Boulogne, kept by Tho. Con; that he is very willing to affift in any Shape the Admiral shall think proper for his Majesty's Service. He likewise says, that one Mr.---Jermain, a Merchant at Boulogne, told him the Pretender's fecond Son was taken by one of our Men of War, and asked him if he thought they would hang him. 17 Dec. 1745.

GEORGE.

The Mark H of HARRISON.

The above Examination taken by us

ELLI. SMITH.

T. GREGORY.

C. WIMBLETON.

Extracts of Letters from Holland in December.

THAT some of the Irish Troops were to be embarked in large Ships, but C the

the Embarkation, which the French National Troops were to beaPart, was to be somewhere very near in England, and in order to help to transport them, the Fishing Boats along the whole Coast were taken up for that Service, and that the Number of Boats taken up was faid to be above 130, and that the poor Fisher. men at Blankenbourg were lamenting with Tears in their Eyes, that (by the King's Order) they were to leave their daily Business, and go they did not know where; that the Troops for England where faid to be commanded by Count Lowendahl, and reckoned not less than twelve thousand. The common Report at Dunkirk was, that they were all going for Scotland, but many of their Vessels being so small, I cannot but be of the Opinion I was first informed, that the greatest Part is for England, somewhere to the Westward of Dover; I think I could be positive in this, if I may depend upon an Information I had two Days ago, that the People of the Smuggling Cutters which trade to Boulogne are all taken to serve for Pilots; it is pity that such pernicious Villains cannot be destroyed, their villainous Trade is the least Thing I think of at this Time, for they keep up too my certain Knowledge, a daily Correspondence betwixt England

England and France, fo that there is not the least Thing done or ordered but the Enemy immediately know it by their Means.

On the twenty second some of their small Vessels went from Dunkirk to Calais, so that every Day, or rather every Night since, they have been going from Ostend and Newport to the same Place; and now the Talk is of their landing near Dover, and so marching directly to London.

We have now a Report, that some of these Transports that sailed last Week were sallen upon by some of your Frigates, which may disconcert the whole Scheme of the Enemy.

And from these Checks it is said that the Storm is now drawing to the Westward, though not in my Power to say positively where they design to embark, or where they are to land, but some mention they are to be supported by a Squadron from Ferrol.

Taken in the Dutchess de Penthieure by the York Frigate the 19th of December: That he was forced on board the Dutchess de Penthieure that Evening; that they lest in Calais Harbour five or six other Privateers; the St. Nicholas, a Snow of eight carriage Guns and ten Swivels; the St. Ben-

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net, of twelve carriage Guns besides Swivels; the Swallow, a Lug Sail Privateer of eight Guns; the Louis XV, a Dogger of eight Guns, besides a half Galley of 24 Oars, and three Guns, one of them in her Prow; ten Galliot Hoys and Flutes, all which had their Sails bent, besides several small Vessels and Fishing Boats, said to be detained to carry Troops to England.

That there have been for a Fortnight past Troops coming from Flanders daily into Calais, some passing forward towards Boulogne, as others came in there; about eight Regiments had passed before he came away, and the Night before two Regiments came into Town, and upwards of threescore Waggons loaded with Corn and Meal; they were covered, but he faw the Sacks; reckoned there were in the Forts and Citadel, including the Garison which is 3000, at least 6 or 7000 Men. It is faid the Embarkation will be made from Dunkirk, Calais and Boulogne. That feveral Irish were expected, who were to land first, and that they were getting the Vessels ready as fast as possible. That on the 17th the Pretender's youngest Son came into Calais, that on the 18th, when he went out of Town, all the Troops were drawn

out, and they faluted him Vive le Roy, he being accompanied by the Governor and Gentry of the Town, and a great Number of Officers; that he did not fee the young Man himfelf to take any Notice of him, but has heard from others who did, that he fquinted. Of the small Embarkations there are said to be to the Number of sifty, who have each a Brass Piece of Cannon, with a Field Carriage pointed aft, standing abast the Mainmast.

Tuesday, the 31st of December, a Boat with a Lientenant brought on board the Carlisse the Admiral's Orders for both the Eagle and Carlisse to weigh, for going to take a fresh Survey at Boulogne; at a 11 the Admiral's Orders were deliver'd to Captain Bazely, and we stood over together for Boulogne Road.

Wednesday, the 1st of January at nine in the Morning, looked into Boulogne Harbour, and saw there of Ships, Snows, Briggs and Doggers about 15 sail, Galliot Hoys about 36 sail, and of Fishing Boats about 80 or 90; they fired at us from the Pier Heads, and the Battery to the Eastward of the Town, and from Amblitus Castle; we saw a Privateer Sloop that was sunk in the Road, which we believe was from the Sapkire's Guns when

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when she stood in, the same Day that Captain Knowles was there in the Triton.

WILLIAM OWEN.
JOHN BAZELY.

My Lord Duke,

OUR Grace having, from a Nobleness of Mind, and Humanity of Temper becoming of your high Birth, espoused the Cause of an injured innocent Person, and honoured with Marks of your generous Friendship an Officer you thought so deserving of it, so as to become his Advocate, and procure his being restored to his Rank in the Royal Navy, and employed in it accordingly at this critical Conjuncture; as a Testimony of your Grace's Confidence that he had Judgment to execute it, and an honest Zeal for approving himself a faithful, zealous and diligent Officer and Servant to our Royal Mafler. And I hope in God, as well as I fincerely believe to be true, that this Officer, in the Person of your humble Servant the Writer, has had that just Regard for the Discharge of the Duty confided to him thro' vour

your Grace's Means, that he may with Confidence affert, that he has acted so circumspectly, diligently and affiduously in the Execution of that Trust, as to have manifested to the World that your Grace was neither deceived in your Judgment of his Capacity for the Service of the Crown, nor his Inclination to discharge his Duty to our Royal Master, with a sincere, honest Zeal, for approving himfelf his Majesty's faithful Subject and Servant, which he has had the double Incitement to, of his Duty to the King, and the just Regard he ought to have for justifying your Grace in the good Opinion you had entertained of him. As I am conscious I have done nothing ever justly to forfeit that good Opinion that engaged your Grace to hohour me with your Patronage and Friendship, I entertain too good an Opinion of your Grace to think I have not the Continuance of it, notwithstanding the late Incident of my being hunted out of my Command by the operative Malice of some malicious and industrious Agent, that is too well skreened over, for my being able particularly to discover him, and point out who it is; so that must remain to me a Secret, till some happy Providence in the Courfe of Time may more clearly difcover it; not being nevertheless in my own Mind doubtful, but I can trace the original Cause of it, and guess pretty nearly at who may be the concealed Director of it. the Pen of the Secretary of the Admiralty conveyed these bitter Shafts that were levelled at me, I thought it right to fuggest, that his Pen might be tinged with a Gall flowing from his own Mind, beyond the Direction he might receive for it, from which I thought it my Duty to acquit him on a Gentleman like Apology in Regard to his Office, which I was no Stranger to its being his Duty to obey, and on an Affurance of a good Will he had always professed, and I well knew I never gave him Occasion to alter the Sentiments of a professed Friendship to me.

And one of the Occasions taken to justify this Conduct towards me, having been that I had, within the Channel of England, on a Ship's Service being immediately wanted for proceeding to Sea, and being without a Gunner (certainly a necessary Officer for her Defence) and which I could not think my felf justified in permitting to go to Sea without, presumed, as it is called, to warrant a Gunner to her, for proceeding to Sea in her, as I judged it to be absolutely necessary for his

Majesty's Service, and the Defence of the Ship.

And having now stated the Fact, I shall prefume to give your Grace my Sentiments in that Particular, viz. That it is my Opinion, that when the Admiralty is ordered by the Crown to fit out a Fleet for the Service of the Government in the Channel of England, or on foreign Service, and the Admiralty had commissioned them out of the Sea Officers on Shore, and appointed the Admiral to command in Chief, in Pursuance of his Majesty's Pleasure, and the Fleet were asfembled together, that to support the necessary Command of the Officer the King had appointed, it was the Government's Interest that the Commander in Chief should name all Officers that fell vacant, and has not been denied while the depending Service was effential; but Pretences from the Admiralty, that the Ships were not affembled, or not under Orders, and as Checks are in their Power, they have contradicted it, though always to the Prejudice of the Crown's Service. For when the People of the Fleet fee their Commander in Chief can neither support their Pretentions of Merit, nor his own Authority over them, they must naturally look after D thule

those who are no Judges of their Service, and renders the Commander contemptible to the Fleet. This Power is known to have been absolute in the Commanders in Chief in the Channel, and in one who has added Hononrs to your Grace's Family; and when that Power has been wanting, has, I believe, been always found prejudicial to the Service of the Crown and Prosperity of the Kingdom.

And having given your Grace the Trouble of reading my Sentiments in this Particular, I will now proceed to declare, that it is my Opinion that this is the Sentiment of Sir John Norris likewise, and that your Grace has most grosly been imposed upon in the Assertion of Sir John Norris being of a contrary Opinion; and I thank God that Sir John Norris is now living, who can fatisfy your Grace, his Majesty, or the Public, what are his Sentiments, whenever it be thought proper to take his Opinion upon it. Your Grace may think I talk with much Confidence of Sir John Norris's Opinion at this Distance, but when I inform your Grace that I have served immediately under his Command as a Lieutenant, when he ferved as first Captain under that brave, honest and experienced Admiral, Sir Cloudefly Shovel, that was an Ho-

nonr

nour to his Country and the Service, and whom, I believe, no Man knew that did not love and esteem him; and I have on several Occasions served as a Captain under Sir John Norris, whom I know to be a consummately experienced and gallant Sea-Officer, and have lived in an uninterrupted Friendship with him; your Grace will not be surprized that I venture to affert what is his Opinion, as well as my own; and were you to consult Admiral Matthews or Sir Chaloner Ogle, though I don't pretend to give you now my Opinion in regard to them, yet I do verily believe this to be their Opinion likewise; but of this it is eafily in your Grace's Power to satisfy yourself.

I shall now only add, that I am at present detained here for having my Baggage embarked for proceeding to *Harwich* in one of the armed Vessels, Vice-Admiral M-n has been so obliging to assign me, to carry to my House on the *Ipswich* River.

I propose at present being in London by Tuesday or Wednesday Night, whenever it is Ishall be at your Grace's Door the next Morning after my Arrival, in order to pay my Duty to your Grace, and afterwards, before I set out for Suffolk, (if it has your Grace's Approbation) to be presented by you to pay my D 2

Duty to His Majesty. And the Favour I thall now desire of your Grace is, that your Porter may have Orders from you to let me in, if such a Visit be agreeable to your Grace, and if not that I may be told so, not to give an unnecessary Trouble to you or myself.

I have begun with expressing a grateful Sense of the Testimony of the Friendship you have honoured me with, which on all Events I shall ever retain, as I may say it is a fort of hereditary Inclination in ourFamily to have entertained an Honour for your Grace, from the Memory of that glorious Martyr for the Liberties of his Country, my Lord William Russel, the Memory of which has in some Manner been transmitted to Posterity with my Father's Hand, whom I think was the Draughtsman of the Ducal Patent in your Grace's Family; and I have heard it much commended for the Elegancy of the Stile, and the just Honours done to a Nobleman of fo many amiable Qualities, unfullied by any Vices that ever I heard of.

That your Grace may live and die as great an Honour to your Family, shall ever be the sincere Wishes, My Lord Duke,

of your Grace's, &c.

SIR,

Weasel, Downes, January 8th, 1745.

SIR,

CTANDING in on the 6th Instant within Cannon Shot of Boulogne, saw in the Harbour about a hundred Masts of fmall Vessels and Boats, at the same Time five English Men, who had been taken Prifoners in Merchant Ships, and one Soldier at Fontenoy, who had entered into their Service as thousands have been forced to do, through the ill Treatment they meet with in their Prisons, deserted to us; these Men informed us of there being fifteen Battalions at Boulogne, and three Squadrons of Horse with their Accoutrements put on board the Vessels, and all their warlike Stores; and that there is a Person who stiles himself Duke of York, and feveral more with English Titles; most of the Forces are English, Scotch and Irish, of which great Numbers want only Opportunities to defert. They fay their Numbers are about 11,100, and as many at Calais, and were to have made their Attempt the laft

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last full Moon, had they not met with Information that Admiral Vernon was off Dungeness, their intended Place of Landing, with several Men of War. They have expected the French Fleet of thirty Sail of the Line all this Month, with several Transports, which if they are disappointed at the Ness, are to make an Attempt in Ireland: Colonel Lalley went over to England in a Smuggling Boat, dressed in a Sailor's Habit, where I hope he will meet with his Deserts.

FINIS.







